SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT FOR MEASUREMENT, CONTROL, AND LABORATORY USE Part 1: General requirements

1 Scope and object

1.1 Scope

1.1.1 Equipment included in scope

This part of IEC 61010 specifies general safety requirements for electrical equipment intended for professional, industrial process, and educational use, any of which may incorporate computing devices, as defined in a) to d) below, when used under the environmental conditions of 1.4.

a) Electrical test and measurement equipment

This is equipment which by electrical means tests, measures, indicates or records one or more electrical or non-electrical quantities, also non-measuring equipment such as signal generators, measurement standards, power supplies, transducers, transmitters, etc. NOTE All indicating and recording electrical measuring instruments (except those excluded in 1.1.2) fall within the scope of IEC 61010 unless they are panel meters designed only for building-in to other equipment. Built-in panel meters are considered to be components and only need to meet the relevant requirements of IEC 61010, or other standards, as part of the equipment into which they are built.

b) Electrical control equipment

This is equipment which controls one or more output quantities to specific values, with each value determined by manual setting, by local or remote programming, or by one or more input variables.

c) Electrical laboratory equipment

This is equipment which measures, indicates, monitors or analyses substances, or is used to prepare materials, and includes in vitro diagnostic (IVD) equipment This equipment may also be used in areas other than laboratories, for example self-test IVD equipment may be used in the home.

d) Accessories intended for use with the above (for example, sample handling equipment)

1.1.2 Equipment excluded from scope

- This standard does not apply to equipment within the scope of:
- a) IEC 60065 (Safety requirements for audio, video and similar electronic apparatus);
- b) IEC 60204 (Controls for electrical machines);
- c) IEC 60335 (Safety of household and similar electrical appliances);
- d) IEC 60364 (Electrical installations of buildings);
- e) IEC 60439-1 (Low-voltage switch gear and control gear assemblies);

f) IEC 60521 (Class 0,5; 1 and 2 alternating current watthour meters);

g) IEC 60601 (Medical electrical equipment);

h) IEC 60950 (Safety of information technology equipment including electrical business equipment, except as specified in 1.1.3);

i) IEC 61558 (Power transformers, power supply units and similar).

.....

1.3 Verification

This standard also specifies methods of verifying, through inspection and type testing, that the equipment meets the requirements of this standard.

1.4 Environmental conditions

1.4.1 Normal environmental conditions

This standard applies to equipment designed to be safe at least under the following conditions:

a) indoor use;

b) altitude up to 2000 m;

c) temperature 5°C to 40°C;

d) maximum relative humidity 80% for temperatures up to 31° C decreasing linearly to 50% relative humidity at 40° C;

e) MAINS supply voltage fluctuations up to ±10% of the nominal voltage;

f) transient over voltages typically present on the MAINS supply;

NOTE: The normal level of transient over voltages is impulse withstand (overvoltage) category II of IEC 60364-4-443;

g) applicable RATED POLLUTION degree.

1.4.2 Extended environmental conditions

This standard applies to equipment designed to be safe not only in the environmental conditions specified in 1.4.1, but also in any of the following conditions for which the equipment is RATED by the manufacturer:

a) outdoor use;

b) altitude above 2000 m;

c) ambient temperatures below 5°C or above 40°C;

d) relative humidity above the levels specified in 1.4.1;

e) MAINS supply voltage fluctuations exceeding ±10% of the nominal voltage.